

LIVINGSTON POLICE DEPARTMENT ANNUAL REPORT

YEAR 2013

Prepared by: Darren Raney, Chief of Police



MISSION STATEMENT

of the

LIVINGSTON POLICE DEPARTMENT

It is the mission of the Livingston Police Department to enforce the laws of the United States, the State of Montana and the City of Livingston, to assist the citizens of Livingston in protecting their lives and property, and to provide service to the public to the extent which we are empowered and enabled to do so by law, by department regulation, and by financial consideration.

Introduction

The Livingston Police Department, Park County Sheriff's Department and Park County / City of Livingston 911 communications center acquired a new records management and computer aided dispatch (CAD) software system in 2013. The CAD portion was implemented in June while the records management system was implemented in October. Pertinent operational data stored from the previous software system was converted to the new system, however due to the mid-year transition it was not possible to accurately compile some of the statistical information. Some of the reporting and statistical data collection pieces are currently being formatted to suit local needs. Therefore, this report will contain information that is currently available and that can be accurately compared to previous years. 2014 will be the first full year utilizing the new software system and should result in very useful statistical information in future years.

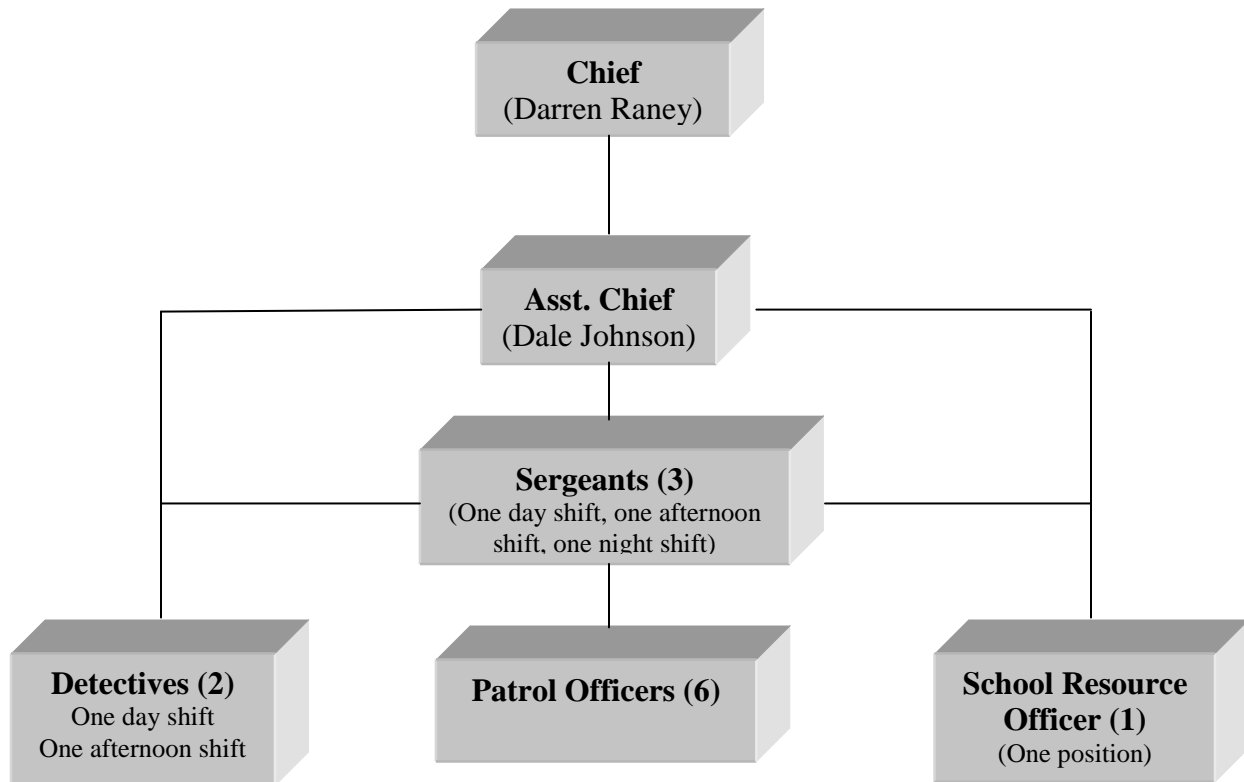
PERSONNEL RELATED

Department Staffing

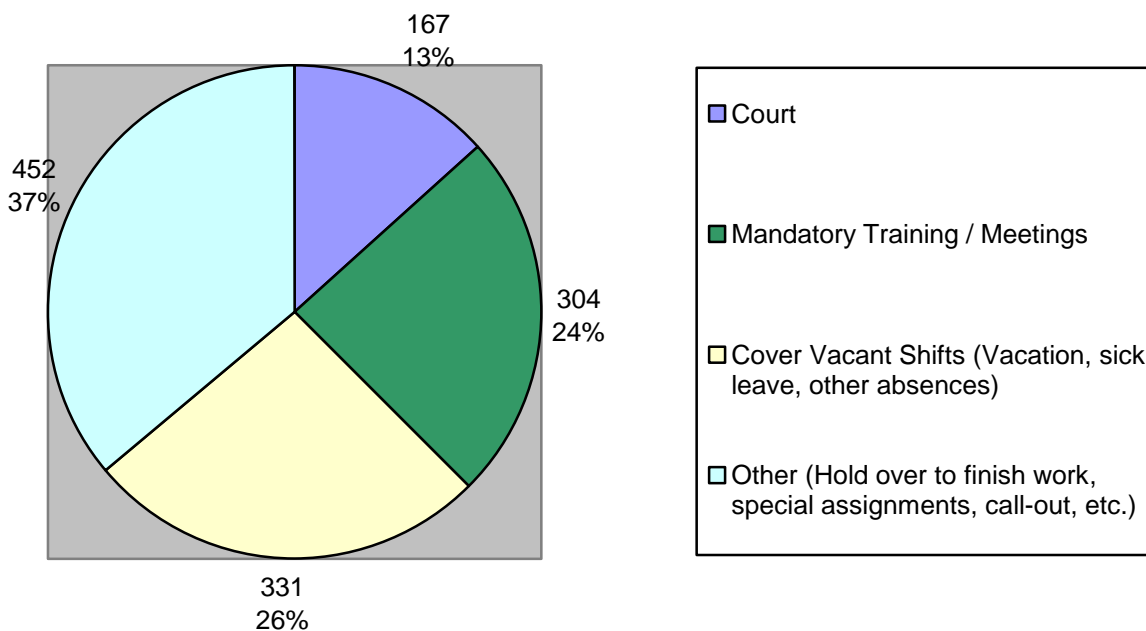
The police department's budgeted staffing consists of 14 full-time sworn officers. The structure consists of the chief, assistant chief, 3 sergeants, 6 patrol officers, two full time detectives, and one school resource officer (SRO). Budgeted staffing levels remain consistent from the previous year.

Assistant Chief Glenn Farrell retired in March. This vacancy was filled by hiring Alesha Woodland. Sgt. Dale Johnson was promoted to Assistant Chief and Officer Wayne Hard was promoted to sergeant. The termination of an officer in late 2012 remains unresolved following an arbitration proceeding and district court hearing. Pending the outcome, the vacant position has not been filled and staffing consisted of only 13 officers during the year 2013.

2013 Budgeted Positions	Staffing Levels
Police Chief	1
Asst. Chief	1
Sergeant	3
Detective	2
Patrol Officer	6
School Resource Officer	1



2013 Overtime Usage Distribution (Actual number of hours logged)



Personnel Complaints / Compliments

The Livingston Police Department is committed to receiving and accepting complaints and compliments about the actions and performance of all our personnel. We believe the public is entitled to efficient, fair and impartial service. We investigate the allegations of employee misconduct, respond to inquiries about employee actions or department policy, and document all commendations received from the public.

We formally investigate all allegations and inquiries for the following reasons:

1. To protect citizens from misconduct by an employee.
2. To identify and take appropriate action against employees who violate the law, department policy, or rules and regulations.
3. To protect the department and those employees who conduct themselves appropriately.
4. To identify policies and procedures that may need review or change, and to find ways to improve the quality of service to the community.

Complaints against employees may be initiated by citizens or internally. Citizen complaints generally pertain to improper conduct or unsatisfactory service. Internal complaints generally deal with violations of policy, SOP or rules and regulations. Complaints are resolved in one of the following manners:

1. **Unfounded** – The investigation conclusively proved that the allegations or act complained of did not occur.

2. **Exonerated** – The acts that formed the basis for the complaint or allegation did occur, but were justified, lawful, and proper according to department policy or standard operating procedures.
3. **Not Sustained** – The investigation failed to discover sufficient evidence to clearly prove or disprove the allegations made.
4. **Sustained** – The investigation disclosed a preponderance of the evidence to prove the allegation(s) made.
5. **Sustained with Qualifications** - The investigation discloses the action complained of did in fact occur, but not in the manner or to the degree stated.
6. **Unresolved** – The investigation cannot proceed because the complainant failed to disclose promised information to further the investigation; or the complainant wished to withdraw the complaint; or the complainant is no longer available to provide necessary information. This finding may also be used when information provided is not sufficient to determine the identity of the officer(s) involved.

If a complaint is sustained against an employee, appropriate action will be taken. The action may involve counseling, written reprimand, suspension from duty, termination, criminal prosecution, or other action.

Five formal compliments were received from the public expressing appreciation for services received. Five complaints were received and two internal investigations completed.

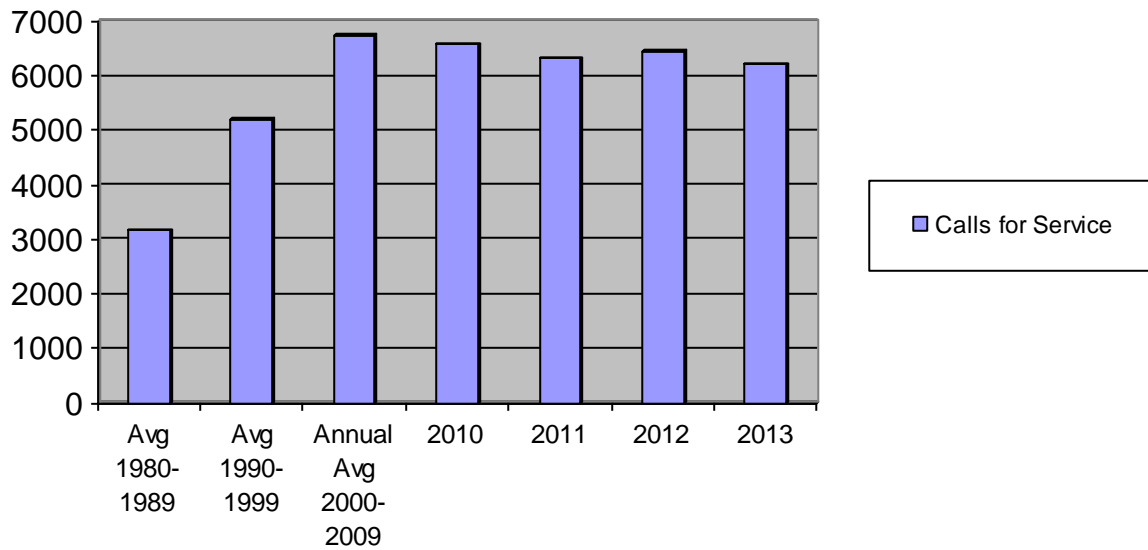
2013 Personnel Complaints

Complaint Type	Source	Findings	Resolution
Procedure	Citizen	Exonerated	
Procedure	Citizen	Exonerated	
Procedure	Citizen	Sustained w/ qualifications	Legal Review
Discourteous	Citizen	Unresolved	Complainant failed to provide requested information
Excessive Force	Citizen	Exonerated	
Policy Violation	Internal	Sustained	Counseling
Policy Violation	Internal	Sustained	Reprimand

CITIZEN CALLS FOR SERVICE

The department received 6220 calls for service in 2013, 238 fewer than 2012. Calls for service represent all calls received by the communications center that fall within our jurisdiction, including fire/EMS and animal related calls. Although officers may not respond to or handle all such calls, they do respond to many. Therefore all calls for service are included.

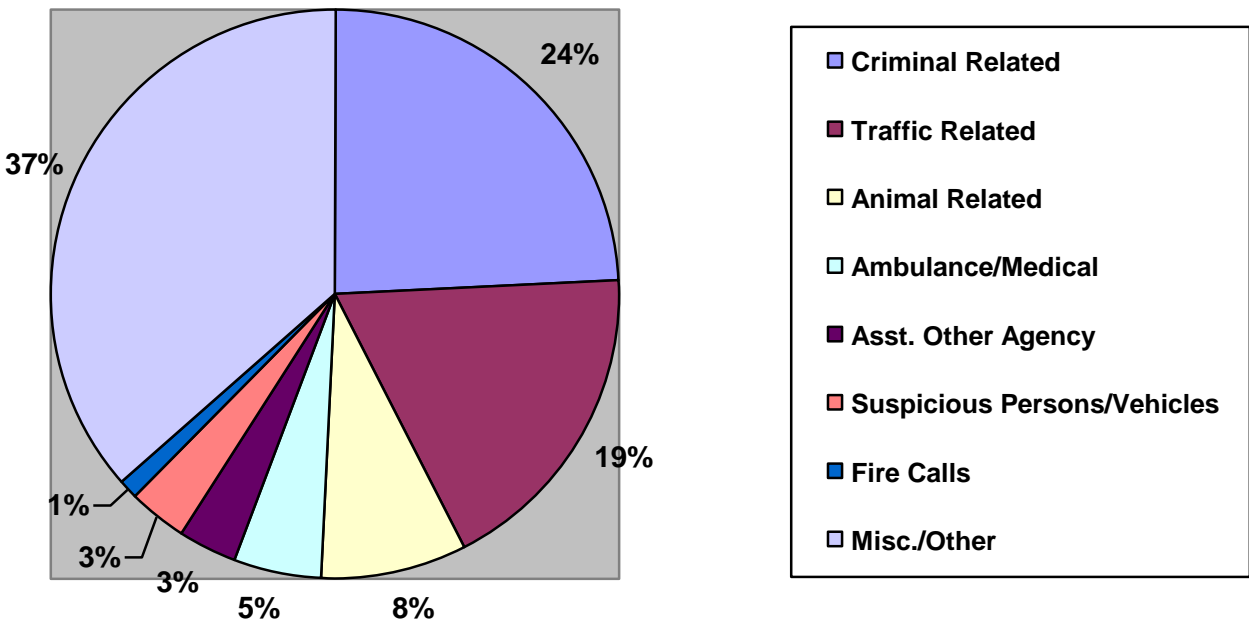
Annual Calls For Service



Types of Calls Received

Officers respond to a wide variety of calls that may be time consuming but unrelated to crime or enforcement activities. Consistent with prior years, over 75% of calls for service are non-criminal related.

Calls For Service, by Type



POLICE ACTIVITY

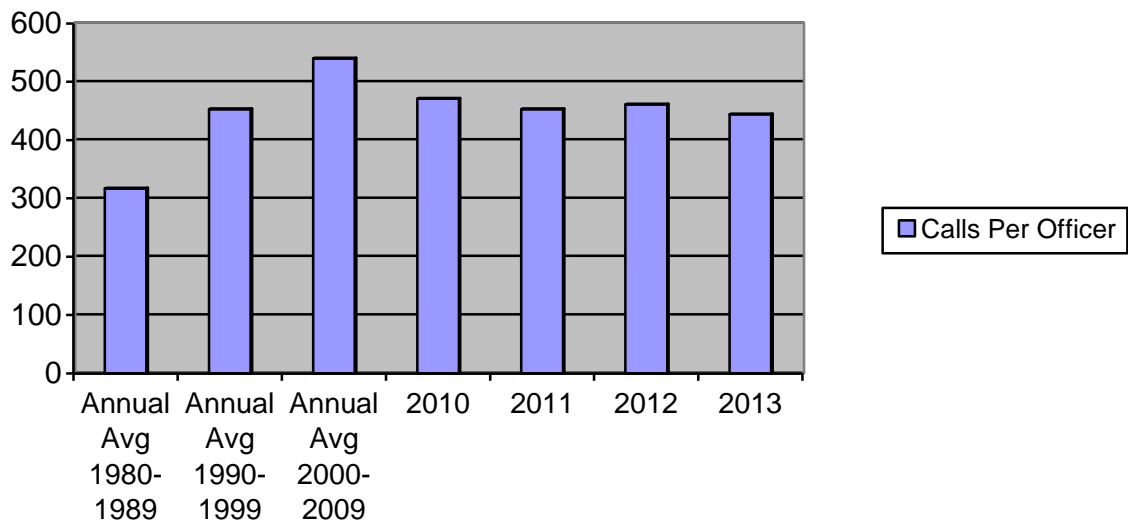
Patrol Officer Workload

Although patrol officers handle the vast majority of calls, for statistical purposes the annual average number of calls shown is based on the total number of sworn officers budgeted during the designated time periods, including the police chief, assistant chief, school resource officer and detective positions. Despite 14 budgeted positions, only 13 officers were actually employed due to the vacancy created by an on-going employment action following the termination of an officer in 2012. There are also times of staffing shortage that can be expected due to vacation, sick leave, injury, training, and other vacancies created by resignation or retirement. Although available when needed, the detectives, chief, assistant chief and the school resource officer (during school months) do not respond to calls for service on a routine basis. In reality, the number of calls per patrol officer is actually much greater than shown.

In the 1980's, based on full staffing of 10 sworn officers as of 1989, officers averaged 317 calls per year. Despite adding 2 sworn positions in the 1990's, this average rose when the number of calls escalated rapidly during this time period. A new position was added in the fall of 2001 when the City entered into an agreement with the school district and a private citizen to fund a School Resource Officer position. Although the SRO was assigned to the schools during the school year, the position was available for patrol during the summer months to assist with the added workload. Despite this added position, the workload continued to grow.

The average number of calls per officer from 2000-2009 reflect a 70% increase from the 1980's and a 20% increase from the 1990's. A 14th sworn position was added in 2009, which attributed to a decline in the average numbers of calls per officer in subsequent years. The 2013 calls for service per officer is fairly consistent with the 1990's, but still considerably higher than the 1980's and prior.

Annual Number of Calls Per Officer, 1980 - 2013 Trends



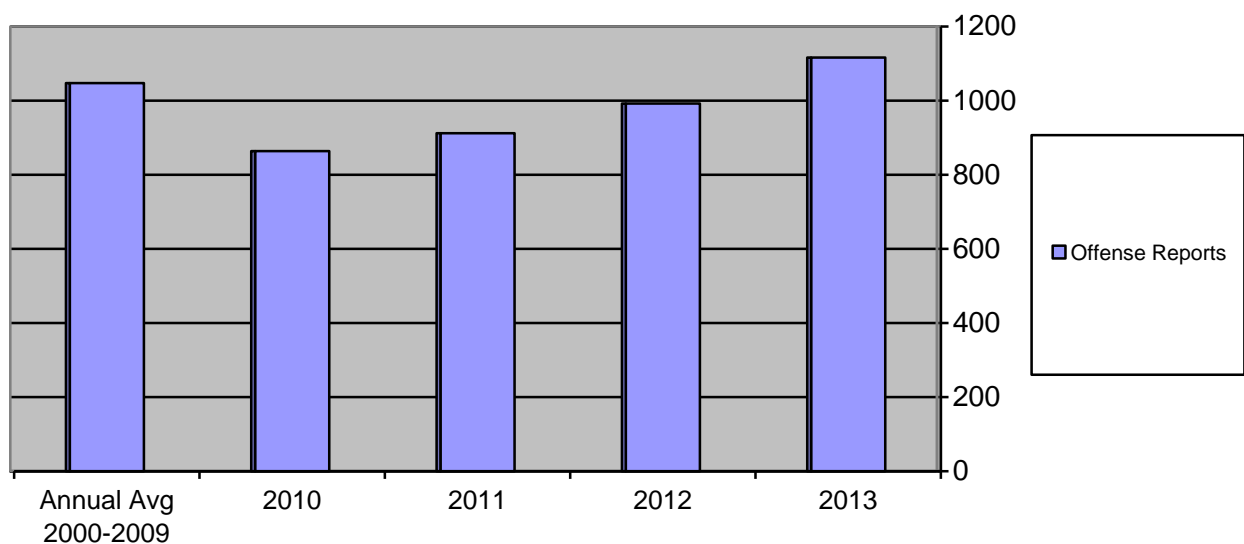
As the number of calls per officer increases, less time is available for routine patrol duties and traffic enforcement. Each call for service can be time consuming, some more so than others, considering response time and any follow-up work that needs to be done. Calls that require an investigation or that lead to an arrest require written reports to be generated and data entered into the computerized records management system, in addition to time dedicated to the investigation or activity related to the call. Increased workload also requires officers to prioritize calls and assess how much time to dedicate to minor issues or routine patrol activities.

Regardless of the number of calls for service officers must respond to, it is important to recognize that much of the time there are only 2 patrol officers on duty and there are times when only 1 is on duty. Most calls are non-threatening in nature. However, on duty officers are expected to immediately respond to whatever situation occurs, frequently dealing with hostile situations and dangerous persons alone or with inadequate assistance. Typical of smaller jurisdictions, our officers do not always benefit from relying on multiple officers to assist with a dangerous situation.

Investigations

Officers generated 1116 written offense reports, an increase from 912 the previous year. Offense Reports are calls for service that result in an arrest, criminal investigation or other police action requiring written investigative reports and usually follow-up activity.

Offense Reports, 2000 – 2013 Trends



The department has experienced an increase in felony investigations, including financial crimes that are time consuming to investigate.

Use of Force Incidents

Many force and equipment options are available to officers. They must choose an appropriate option based on the threat, either actual or perceived, including but not limited to: officer presence, verbal direction, physical control, chemical or inflammatory agents, impact weapons, Tasers (Electronic control devices), firearms, vehicles, and/or weapons of necessity or opportunity.

It is the policy of the Livingston Police Department that officers use the amount of force which is objectively reasonable to make an arrest, gain control of a situation, or to protect the officer or another from harm, given the facts and circumstances perceived by the officer at the time force is applied.

A separate written Use of Force Report is completed and documented, in addition to an incident report, in any of the following use of force incidents:

- Discharge of a firearm, accidentally or intentional, at or toward any person
- Striking of a subject with an impact weapon, or other weapon of necessity or opportunity.
- Discharge of a Taser.
- Use of force that results in injury to the subject, or complaints of injury.
- Use of physical or weaponless force against an individual to the extent it is likely to cause or lead to unforeseen injury, claim of injury or allegations of excessive force.
- Use of empty hand stunning or striking techniques.
- Discharge of a chemical weapons.
- Use of a vehicle as an offensive weapon.
- The use of a canine to apprehend a subject, resulting in a bite.
- The pointing of a weapon at any person, or drawing a weapon accompanied by verbal threats to use the weapon. This does not apply to the drawing of weapons in appropriate situations where officers do not point the weapon at any person or threaten to use the weapon.
- The use of leg restraints.

Separate Use of Force Reports are not required for weaponless hand to hand control techniques that have little or no chance of producing injuries when gaining control over or subduing non-compliant or resisting persons. These techniques include, but are not limited to, physical touching, escort holds, gripping or holding, frisking, or handcuffing.

Use of Force Reports

- | | |
|--------------------------------|----|
| • Use of force reports in 2013 | 18 |
| • Use of force reports in 2012 | 15 |
| • Use of force reports in 2011 | 26 |

Taser Deployments:

- | | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| • Taser deployments in 2013 | 5 |
| • Taser deployments in 2012 | 4 |
| • Taser deployments in 2011 | 1 |

- Taser deployments in 2010 3
- Taser deployments in 2009 4
- Officers injured from Taser deployments in 2013 0
- Officers injured from Taser deployments in 2012 1
- Officers injured from Taser deployments in 2011 0
- Officers injured from Taser deployments in 2010 0
- Officers injured from Taser deployments in 2009 1
- Suspects / Citizens injured from Taser deployments in 2013 0
- Suspects / Citizens injured from Taser deployments in 2012 1
- Suspects / Citizens injured from Taser deployments in 2011 0
- Suspects / Citizens injured from Taser deployments in 2010 1
- Suspects / Citizens injured from Taser deployments in 2009 0

Reason for Use of Force – 2013 (More than one may apply during each incident)

Effect Arrest	Prevent Escape	Defend An Officer	Defend Other Person	Restrain Person For Their Own Safety	Prevent Escalation Of The Situation	Felony Vehicle Stop	Size Disparity Of Officer VS. Suspect	Alarm Call	Other
12	9	10	2	7	10	1	2	0	1

Resulting Outcome

Misdemeanor Arrest	Felony Arrest	Protective Hold (Mental)	Suspect Escaped	Other
8	7	1	0	2

At Time Of Contact, The Individual Was: (As perceived by officers)

Under Influence Of Alcohol Or Drugs	Suspected Under The Influence	Mentally Impaired	Emotionally Upset	Normal
9	3	2	6	1

Level Of Resistance

None	Psychological Intimidation	Verbal Non-Compliance	Passive Resistance	Escape Resistance	Active Aggression	Aggravated Active Aggression - Weapon Visible	Aggravated Active Aggression – Weapon Used
1	3	13	4	9	8	2	0

Control Techniques Used

Officer Presence	Verbal Direction Only	Verbal Commands While Displaying Chemical Weapon (ie. OC spray)	Verbal Commands While Displaying Impact Weapon	Verbal Commands While Displaying Firearm	Verbal Commands With Firearm Pointed At Individual	Soft Empty Hand Control Techniques	Chemical Weapon / Taser Used	Hard Empty Hand Control Techniques	Impact Weapon Used
12	10	0	0	0	4	8	6	3	2

Bicycle Patrol

Several specially trained officers continued to conduct bicycle patrols throughout the City at various times of the day and night, depending on workload and the availability of enough officers to provide vehicle patrol. Bicycle patrols are very effective in proactive patrol, being stealthy and versatile. Officers can cover much more area than foot patrols, and are less visible to potential offenders than marked patrol vehicles. Bicycle patrols are also more approachable to citizens, affording enhanced interaction with the public.

Missouri River Drug Task Force

The Livingston Police Department continued to be a member of the Missouri River Drug Task Force, a multi-jurisdictional effort funded by a federal grant with partial contributions from participating agencies. Pursuant to the agreement, the City of Livingston and Park County equally fund a portion of the costs necessary to provide one full time Park County deputy who works with the task force as a full time investigator. Our officers, especially the afternoon shift detective, work closely with this investigator, sharing drug related intelligence and forwarding cases for follow up investigation by the task force. These joint efforts continue to be successful in prosecuting drug offenders in Livingston and Park County.

Canine Unit

The department maintains one canine unit, consisting of a specially trained and certified dog/handler team. The canine is certified in narcotics detection, article search, tracking, building search, area search, officer protection and aggression control. Over 350 training hours were completed in 2013 and annual certifications were received from the North American Police Work Dog Association, National Police Canine Association and the Southern Police Canine Inc. The canine unit assists other agencies in the local area upon request. Four public demonstrations were conducted.

Canine Deployments by Type

Building Searches	Apprehensions (1 Forceful)	Vehicle Sniffs	Tracking	Article Searches	School Sniffs
13	6	22	4	2	3

Canine Deployments by Agency

Livingston P.D.	Park County S.O. / MRDTF	Montana Highway Patrol
36	9	7

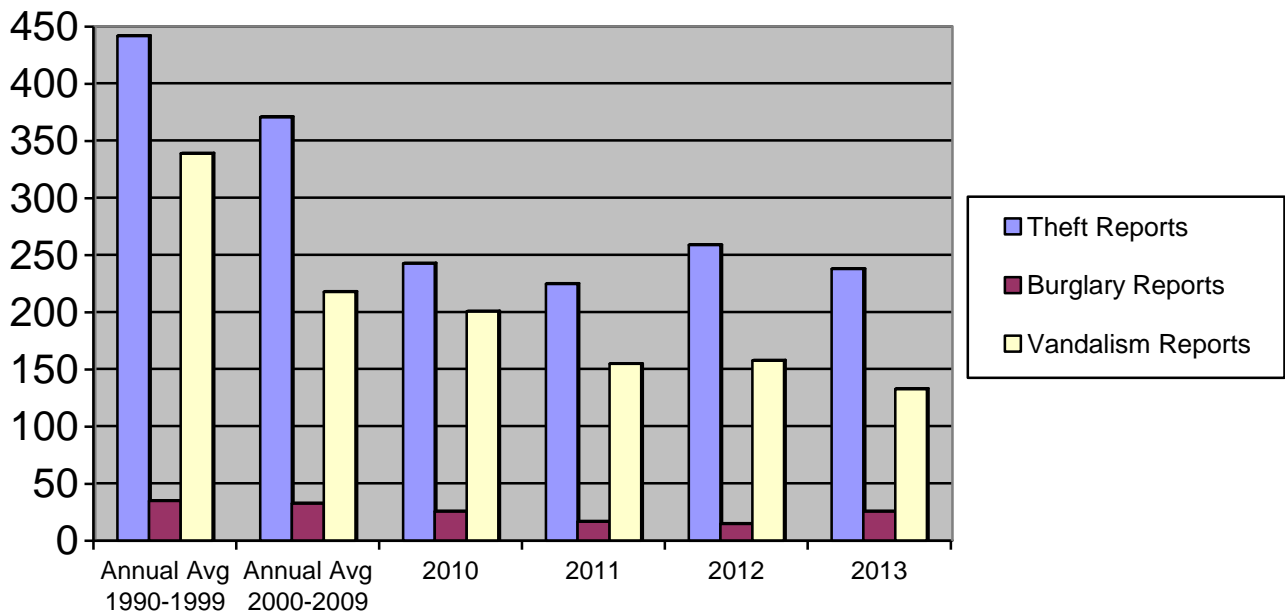
Approximate Drug Seizures Resulting From Canine Sniffs

Methamphetamine	Cocaine	MDMA	Marijuana	Drug Currency
10.9 grams	70.87 grams	47 capsules	205.9 grams	\$16,020
\$3840 street value	\$8504 street value	\$950 street value	\$1816 street value	

PROPERTY CRIMES REPORTED

The number of theft and vandalism reports decreased in 2013, but burglary reports were up. Overall, reported incidents of theft, vandalism and burglary remain lower than the long term average and continue a positive trend in this direction. The number of reported incidents of vandalism in 2013 was the lowest since records are available, at least 40 years.

Property Crimes Reported, 1990 – 2013 Trends



There were 11 vehicles reported stolen from our jurisdiction in 2013 (not including unauthorized use), compared to 10 in 2012, 6 in 2011, 7 in 2010, 5 in 2009, 11 in 2008, 19 in 2007, 12 in 2006 and 15 in 2005.

VEHICLE ACCIDENTS

Officers completed 163 vehicle accident reports in 2013, slightly more than the previous year but continuing a trend of low accident rates compared to the long term average. Even though the City has assumed jurisdiction of more roads through annexation in recent years, the accident rate has remained relatively static until 2009 when we have since experienced a significant reduction. No fatal accidents occurred in 2013.

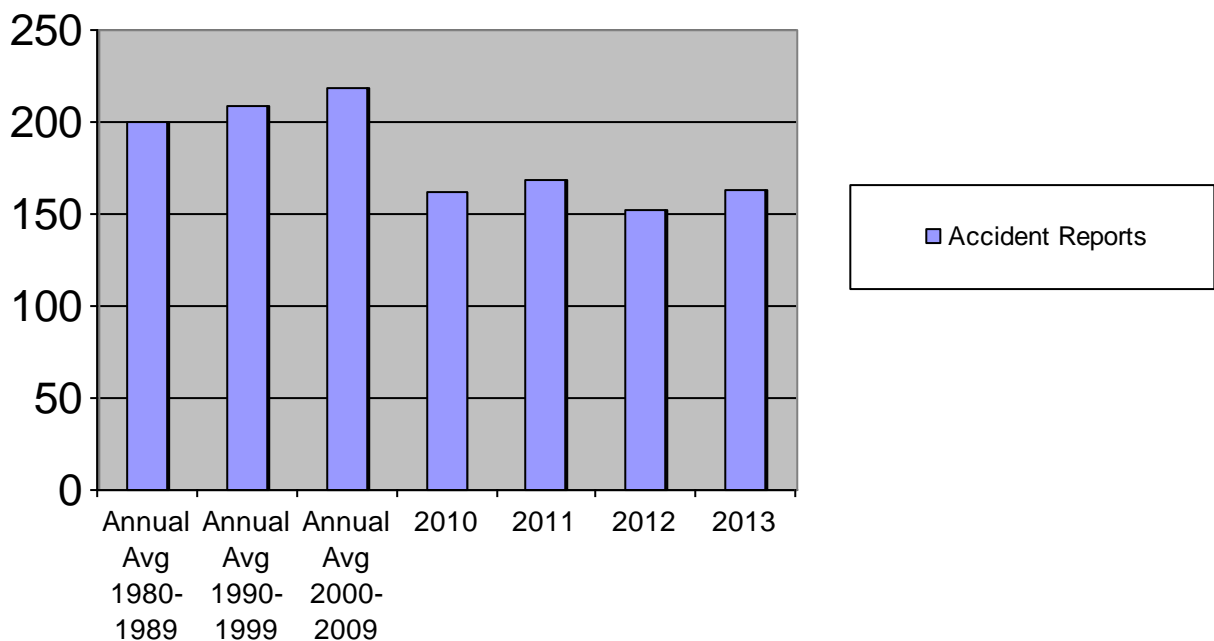
Of the accidents that occur on public roads (not including private property, such as parking lots), most were not intersection related. This is consistent with previous years.

88% of intersection related accidents occur at controlled intersections. Controlled intersections are those where at least one roadway is regulated by a stop sign or traffic light.

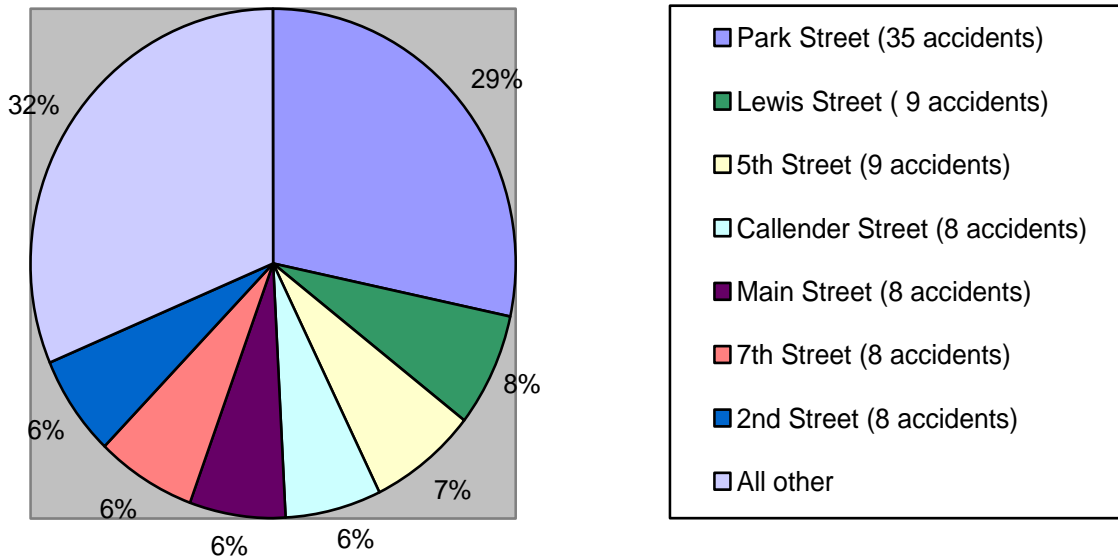
Some specific areas were the location of multiple accidents, with 3 or more accidents occurring at the following locations.

- Park and Loves Lane – 5 accidents
- Park and 2nd Streets – 4 accidents
- Park and 7th Streets – 3 accidents
- 100 North 7th Street - 3 accidents
- Park and B Streets – 3 accidents

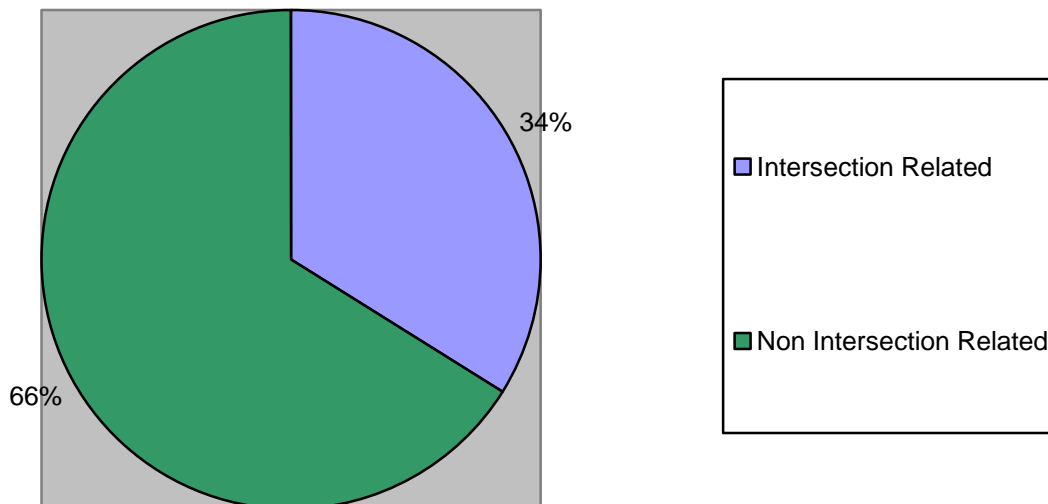
Vehicle Accident Reports, 1980 – 2013 Trends



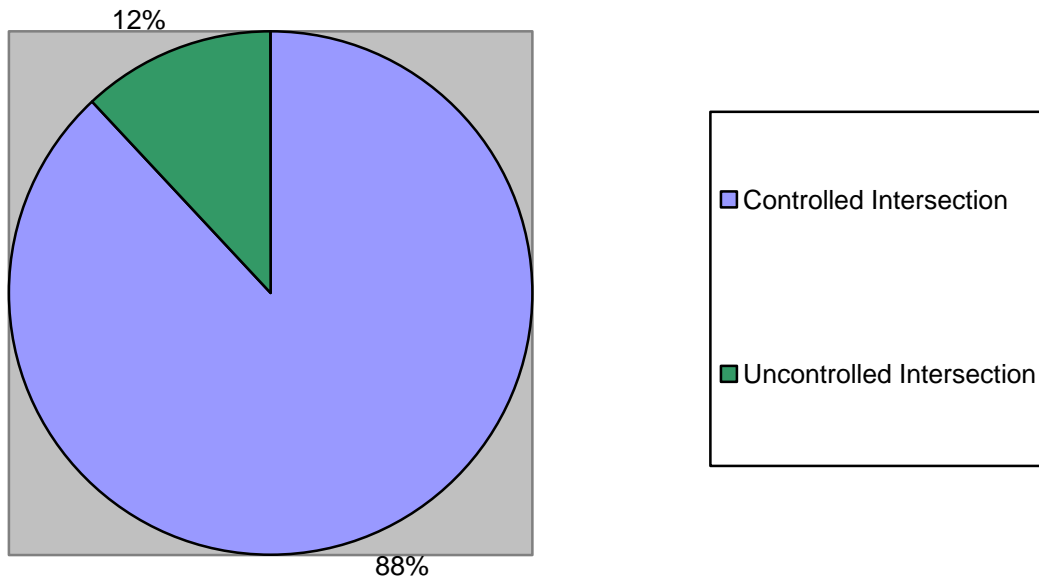
Highest Rated Accident Streets (Streets with more than 5% of all accidents)



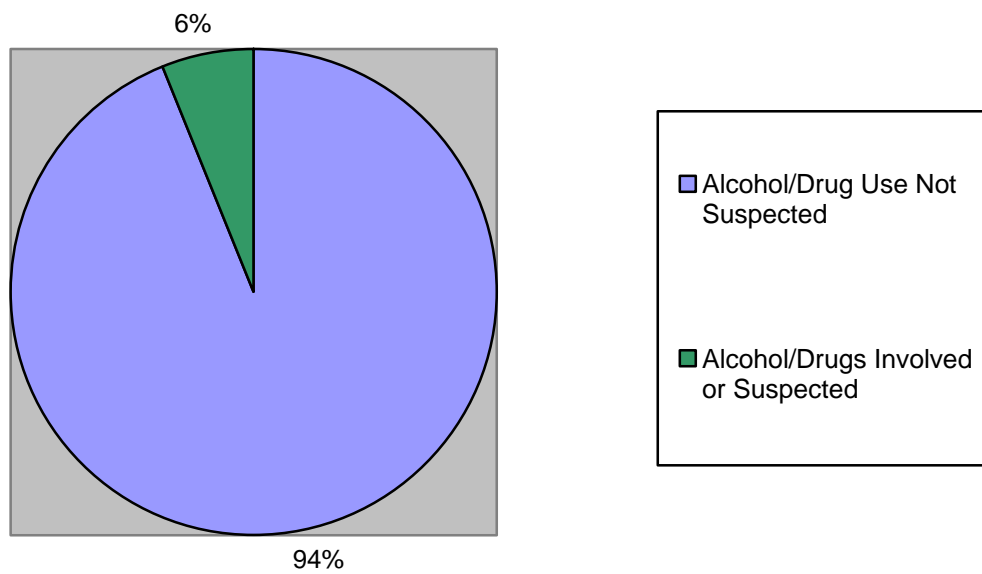
Relationship To Intersection For Accidents That Occurred On Public Roads (Private Property Accidents Not Included)



Intersection Related Accidents, Type of Intersection

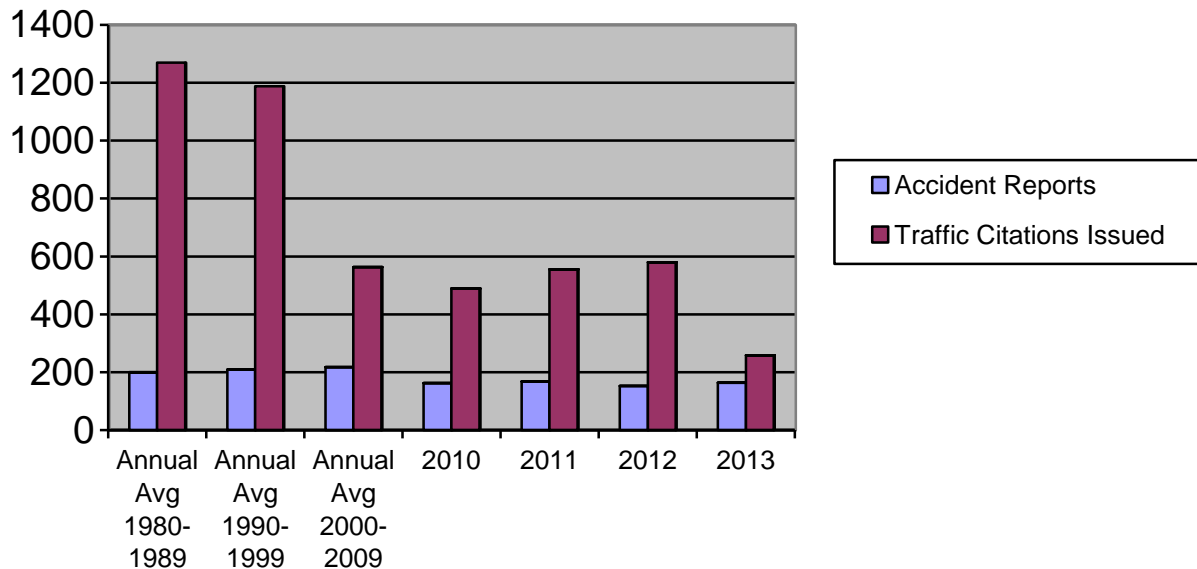


Alcohol or Drug Involvement



Although traffic enforcement is an important public safety tool and a means to address specific problems, based on historical accident data aggressive traffic enforcement or the number of citations issued does not seem to correlate to lower accident rates.

Vehicle Accident / Traffic Citation Ratio, 1980 – 2013
Trends



RACIAL PROFILING AND TRAFFIC STOP DATA

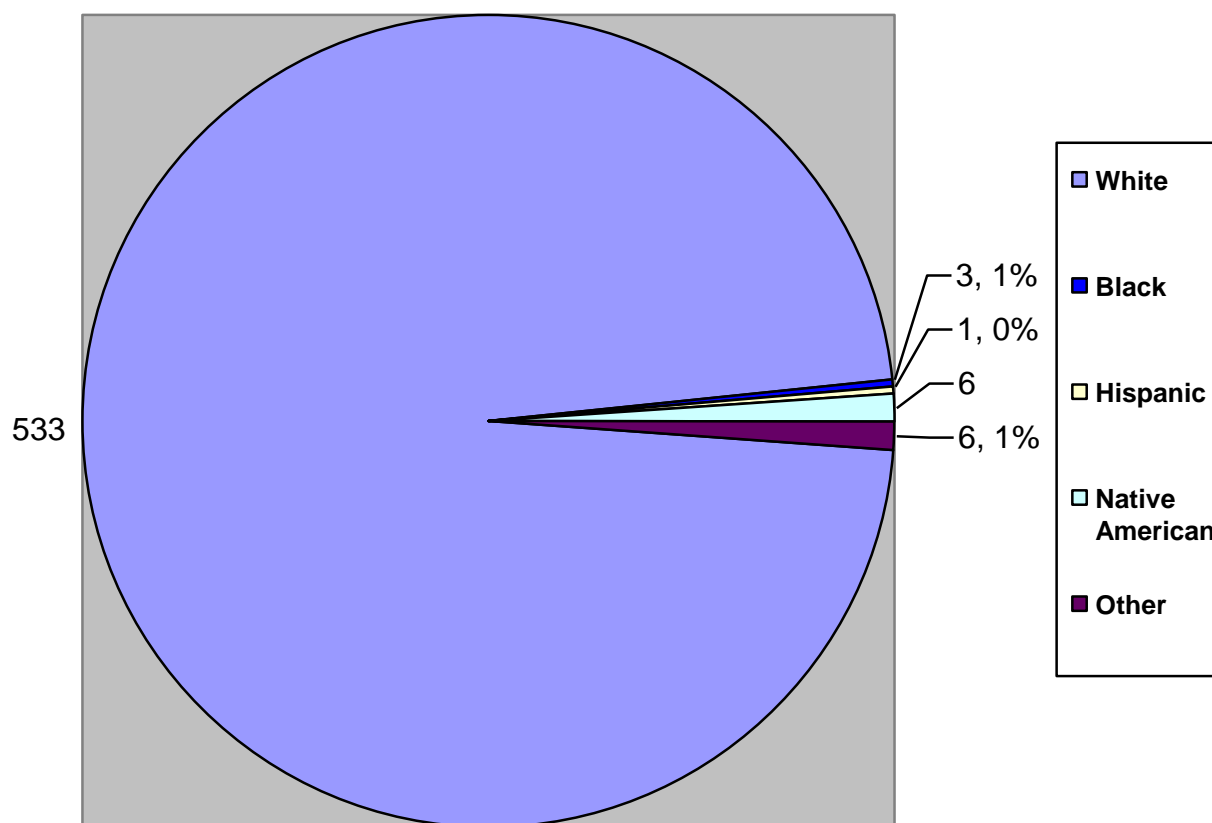
Pursuant to the requirements of 44-2-117 MCA, department policy requires the collection of data for each traffic stop that determines whether any officer has a pattern of stopping members of minority groups for violations of vehicle laws in a number disproportionate to the population of minority groups residing or traveling within our jurisdiction.

Officers are required to document the race or ethnicity of the driver and record the information into our records management system to be used to compile racial profiling data. The determination is based on their perception of the person's race. Figure 11 below shows the number of drivers, by race, that were stopped in 2013.

Consistent with the requirements of law, department policy provides for an annual review of this data. If the review reveals a pattern of any officer(s) of the Livingston Police Department stopping members of minority groups for violations of vehicle laws in a number disproportionate to the population of minority groups residing or traveling within our jurisdiction, an investigation must be conducted to determine whether the officer(s) routinely stop members of said minority groups for violations of vehicle laws as a pretext for investigating other violations of criminal law. The required review is incorporated into the Livingston Police Department Annual Report of Statistics, and this shall be considered the required review.

Upon review of departmental statistics, and having received no complaints alleging racial profiling from any person in 2013, there is no reason to conclude that officer(s) routinely stop members of minority groups for violations of vehicle laws as a pretext for investigating other violations of criminal law.

Distribution of Traffic Stops by Race, 2013





LIVINGSTON POLICE DEPARTMENT
CHIEF DARREN RANEY
Incident Complaint Type

Date Range between 1/1/2013 and 12/31/2013

Complaint Type	District						Total
	BLANK	LIV	LPD	N	PCSO	SO	
911 CALL HANG UP	0	115	0	88	2	0	205
911 HANG UP	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
ABANDONED VEHICLE	0	39	0	3	0	0	42
ABUSE : CHILD	0	3	0	1	0	0	4
ABUSE : ELDERLY	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
ACCIDENT	83	2	0	0	0	0	85
ACCIDENT : INJURIES	0	5	0	1	0	0	6
ACCIDENT : NO INJ	0	118	1	15	3	2	139
ACCIDENT : VEHICLE	0	17	0	2	0	0	19
ACCIDENT UNKINJURIES	0	2	0	1	0	0	3
AGENCY ASSIST	0	59	2	6	5	0	72
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	7	0	0	0	0	0	7
ALARM : BUSINESS	0	47	0	4	1	0	52
ALARM : PANIC	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
ALARM : RESIDENTIAL	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
ALARM : VEHICLE	0	5	0	1	0	0	6
ALARMS	64	0	0	0	0	0	64
ALCOHOL VIOLATION	0	5	0	1	0	0	6

	BLANK	LIV	LPD	N	PCSO	SO	Total
AMBULANCE : MEDICAL	0	13	0	1	0	0	14
AMBULANCE/MEDICAL	297	0	0	0	0	0	297
ANIMAL	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
ANIMAL ABUSE	0	16	0	0	1	0	17
ANIMAL: INJURED	0	7	0	0	1	0	8
ANIMALS	0	162	2	23	8	0	195
ANIMALS : LIVESTOCK	0	0	0	3	2	0	5
ARSON	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
ASSAULT	0	1	0	1	0	0	2
ASSAULT/BATTERY	0	42	0	0	0	0	42
ASSIST OTHER AGENCY	140	0	0	0	0	0	140
ATTEMPT BURGLARY BUS	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
ATTEMPT BURGLARY RES	4	0	0	0	0	0	4
ATTEMPT TO LOCATE	78	0	0	0	0	0	78
AUTO THEFT	3	0	0	0	0	0	3
BARKING DOG	0	29	0	4	0	0	33
BARKING DOGS	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
BOMB : THREAT	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
BURGLARY	0	16	0	0	0	0	16
BURGLARY BUSINESS	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
BURGLARY RESIDENCE	8	0	0	0	0	0	8
CHILD NEGLECT	7	0	0	0	0	0	7
CITIZEN CONTACT	0	26	3	0	0	0	29
CIVIL COMPLAINTS	0	13	0	2	2	0	17
CIVIL PROCESS	0	32	3	1	1	0	37

	BLANK	LIV	LPD	N	PCSO	SO	Total
COMMUNIITY RELATIONS	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
COUNTERFEIT	0	1	0	0	1	0	2
CRIM MISCHIEF	0	64	1	5	2	0	72
CRIMINAL MISCHIEF	60	1	0	0	0	0	61
CRIMINAL TRESPASS/PR	67	0	0	0	0	0	67
CRIMINAL TRESS TO VE	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
CUSTODY PROBLEMS	26	32	0	7	0	0	65
DEATH : HOSPICE	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
DEATH : INVEST	0	6	0	0	0	0	6
DIST : INTOX PERSON	0	28	0	3	1	0	32
DISTURBANCE	0	167	0	11	3	0	181
DISTURBING THE PEACE	112	0	0	0	0	0	112
DISURBANCE	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
DOG BITE	5	0	0	0	0	0	5
DOG/ANIMALS	248	0	0	0	0	0	248
DOMESTIC DISTURBANCE	40	0	0	0	0	0	40
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	0	31	0	4	0	0	35
DRUGS	40	29	1	3	1	0	74
DUI/RADD	27	0	0	0	0	0	27
FELONY THEFT	6	0	0	0	0	0	6
FIELD INTERVIEW	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
FIRE ALARM	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
FIRE CALL	62	7	0	0	1	0	70
FIREWORKS	3	41	0	5	1	0	50
FOLLOW UP	0	93	4	0	4	0	101

	BLANK	LIV	LPD	N	PCSO	SO	Total
FOOT PATROL	0	12	0	0	0	0	12
FORGERY	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
FORGERY/FRAUD	0	23	0	2	0	0	25
FOUND PROPERTY	0	51	0	8	0	0	59
FRAUD	29	1	0	0	0	0	30
HARRASSMENT	0	68	0	7	2	0	77
HIT AND RUN ACCIDENT	36	0	0	0	0	0	36
INVESTIGATION	0	47	0	7	1	0	55
K9 : TRAINING	0	5	0	0	1	0	6
K9 : UTILIZATION	0	0	0	2	1	0	3
LARCENY	84	0	0	0	0	0	84
LIQUOR LAWS	5	0	0	0	0	0	5
LOST PROPERTY	0	30	0	10	4	0	44
LOST/FOUND	96	0	0	0	0	0	96
MENTAL COMPLAINT	0	4	0	0	0	0	4
MISC INVESTIGATION	122	0	0	0	0	0	122
MISSING PERSON	0	15	0	2	1	0	18
MISSING PERSON/S&R	7	0	0	0	0	0	7
OPEN DOOR	21	25	8	0	0	0	54
OTHER	51	0	0	0	0	0	51
OTHER : INFORMATION	0	22	0	3	1	0	26
PARKING COMPLAINT	0	94	1	2	1	0	98
POLICE ASSIST	380	223	4	20	4	0	631
PROWLER	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
PURSUIT : FOOT	0	1	0	0	0	0	1

	BLANK	LIV	LPD	N	PCSO	SO	Total
PURSUIT: CAR	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
RADD	0	38	0	7	6	0	51
RAPE	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
ROAD HAZARD	0	11	1	0	2	0	14
RUNAWAY	4	0	0	0	0	0	4
SEX OFFENSES	8	8	0	2	0	0	18
SHOPLIFTER	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
SIMPLE ASSAULT	34	0	0	0	0	0	34
SOLICITORS	0	15	1	0	0	0	16
STALKING	0	4	0	0	1	0	5
STANDBY : CIVIL	0	37	0	1	0	0	38
STOLEN VEHICLE	0	7	0	1	0	0	8
SUICIDE/ATT	0	12	0	2	0	0	14
SUICIDE/DEATH	49	0	0	0	0	0	49
SUSP PERSON	0	71	3	6	2	0	82
SUSP VEHICLE	0	26	6	4	0	0	36
SUSPICIOUS PERSON	69	0	0	0	0	0	69
SUSPICIOUS VEHICLE	15	0	0	0	0	0	15
SVOR	0	16	1	0	0	0	17
TEST	0	2	1	0	0	0	3
THEFT	0	118	0	10	5	0	133
THEFT : GAS DRIVEOFF	0	2	0	0	1	0	3
TRAFFIC	204	100	5	14	7	1	331
TRAFFIC CONTROL	0	6	2	1	0	0	9
TRAFFIC STOP	2	242	50	0	14	0	308

	BLANK	LIV	LPD	N	PCSO	SO	Total
TRAINING	0	0	0	0	3	0	3
TRANSPORT	0	4	1	0	0	0	5
TRESPASS	0	84	0	7	1	0	92
TRESSPASS	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
VIN INSPECTION	0	43	0	3	0	0	46
VIN INSPECTIONS	34	0	0	0	0	0	34
WARRANT	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
WARRANT SERVICE	0	77	7	13	0	1	98
WARRANTS	61	0	0	0	0	0	61
WEAPONS	9	0	0	0	0	0	9
WELFARE CHECK	0	98	6	17	4	0	125
Total	2,715	2,935	114	350	102	4	6,220